

Could not some one make
some enquiry, private, or
otherwise, about the present
stage of the investigation about
Matyana's affair? - without
reference to me.

My dear Mr Chesson

Let me first mention that my daughter
has sent a collection of cuttings &c, from
the Natal Papers of the last month, to
my sons (R. G. and F. G. Colenso, 50
Fleet Street), with instructions that
they are to go the round of my friends
in England - viz. especially -

- (1) My boys & their uncle (Mr Bunyon) &c.
- (2) Messrs Shaen, Chesson, &c.
- (3) Rev. Messrs Jones, Hansard, Ross, &c -

the first being my family group, the second
my lay ~~proceeds~~, & the third my clerical
group, of friends of the cause. I hope that
you will enquire for these papers, if they
do not reach you, & that you will not
forget my sons, who can give you any
amount of information about the Story.

I had a very pleasant voyage to the
Cape, & thence to Natal. And it was
well I left England when I did on the

Bishop Colenso
Bishopstow
Natal

Feb. 23. 1875

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25th of Dec^r: for the following steamer, the Celt, which started on Jan. 5, has been totally wrecked between the Cape and Algoa Bay, & though the passengers & crew & mails ^{rescued} & some personal luggage was saved, the weather & sea being remarkably ^{quiet} at the time, yet the affair has been a sad one, & all uninsured goods are lost.

I saw Langalibaleli & his son at the Robben Island, & I hope that you will have seen my account of the interview which I sent to my sons. If not, please ask to see it - (as also my daughter's journal which goes home by this mail, & is meant also to go the round of my friends.) I was very fortunate in getting taken on quickly from Capetown, so that Mrs Skelton, who left Dartmouth on Dec. 23, & left Capetown two days before I did, reached the anchorage at Durban a few hours after our arrival during the night of Jan. 27. In the morning I landed, & found that the Durbanites ^{had been} in a furious state of excitement, threatening all sorts of indignities against me.

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Lord Carnarvon's 3 Despatches, all dated the same day, Dec. 3, & properly numbered, had just been published by Sir B. Pini, but in such an order as to excite to the utmost the popular feeling against Lord Carnarvon, as well as myself; that is, he did not follow the order indicated by Lord Carnarvon's numbering - viz.

136. The release of Langaiballe -

137. The changes intended in the Native Policy -

138. The recall of Sir B.P. -

~~he~~ publish them all at once, as evidently intended, but he published first 138 (the recall) on Jan. 14, then 136 (the release) two days afterwards on Jan. 21, & when he had thus contrived to inflame the passions of the people to red-hot heat, at the idea of their noble Gov. being recalled & that Obitat's rebel being released, through the secret machinations of that traitor Sir Cresser, - five days afterwards on Jan. 26 he published the Despatch on Native Policy, which immediately began to exercise a soothing influence upon the people, being the very thing they have so long desired. But all the craft

of Sir B. O. & his advisers! The Gazette
is published on Tuesdays in Mauritius,
& only reaches Durban on Tuesday evening,
& is hardly known in the town till
Wednesday morning. The fact of his recall
had leaked out or must have been let out
as soon as Mr Shepstone reached Natal
with the Despatches on Jan. 15. And on
Jan. 19 they held an "Indignation Meeting"
at Durban, being privately supplied with
130 & 136, of which 138 ~~was~~ only was
in the Gazette of that same day, ^{which} & reached
Durban that evening - but they were
not supplied with 137. So the Seaside
Indignation Meeting was held when 138 &
136 were both Gazetted, ^{while} ~~where~~ ~~where~~ 137
was still carefully suppressed. The consequence
was that Sir B. got all sorts of sympathetic
& complimentary addresses poured in
upon ^{him} & "D'Colenso". of course, in all
manner of abuse. I don't suppose that
if these addresses are forwarded to L. C.
he will think much the better of Sir B. O.,
especially when he knows (or I have let
Mr Herbert know) the trickery by which

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they have been obtained. It was that Despatch
on Native Policy on which Lord C. especially
relied as a sort of ^{healing} ~~soothing~~ medicine to relieve
the pain which he knew would be caused
by the release of Langalibalele & the general
censure passed on the proceedings against
him, which the whole Colony almost - "except
of all denom^{ns}" included - had been so
eager in their ignorance to applaud & support.
And the publication at last of that Desp.
had at once the calming effect which he
expected. Fortunately for me the Gazette
containing it reached Durban on
Tuesday 6th, about 24 hours before the
Basuto with the "traitor" anchored in the
outer Bay. Up to that time the denunciations
of wrath against me had been furious:
threats of violence were used: I was not to
be allowed to land or ^{and} to be insulted on
landing: & even on the Thursday morning,
when I did land, my warm friend at
Durban, D. H. L., sent out a note to me
by two other friends (Mr Brooks & Mr
Dunford) to advise me to land privately,
as the feeling of the colonists was so strong,
& he wd send his carriage to drive me,

Had immediately on landing to his house.
That same morning also the Natal Mercury
published a letter from D. Taylor, an old
Colonist & man of some position in Durban,
denouncing me in the strongest terms, &
recommending that all should wear mourning,
that the shops should be closed, & I should
be "sent to Coventry" & all who had any
intercourse with me. But the last Despatch
had quietly done its work, as has certainly
been the case since, all the local journals
& accepting it with approval, & only wanting
to know more of the details of the future
Policy. And I believe that the discussions
w. took place that Wednesday in Durban,
with the Despatch in hand, had already
tended to reduce the temperature: & probably
an unwillingness to proceed to extremities
when the moment arrived for action, by the
sudden appearance of the Basuto some
days before she was expected, may have
tended to the same result. I landed
on a splendid morning, was driven up
to town ($\frac{1}{2}$ mile) to H. Lyle's, without

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receiving any insult, but on the contrary
meeting several friendly greetings from
various acquaintances. Dr Taylor went
about with a yard of rase behind his hat;
some nine shops ~~were~~ had their shutters up
for a little while; & a petty imbecile on ~~the way~~
way to Manly, being two days afterwards -
the same who was fined £5 for spitting in the
face of Kanga. when he was taken down
to Durban "heavily ironed" - had two little
black flags flying as I passed: - & those
are all the insults I received, except the
incessant abuse in the newspapers, of which
you will see something in the cuttings sent
to England. John Robinson in the Mercury -
the henchman & toadie of Sir B. Pine - has
done his very utmost to excite the popular
feeling against me, as you will see by his
articles. And do not let him take credit
with you for having kept back the people.
He did nothing of the kind, any more than
John Elliott when he advised the country
people not to pitch Dr Arch & Co into the
horsepond. Sir B. P. evidently put his
copy of my Blue-Book, sent out by Lord
Carnarvon, into J. P.'s hands, & you will

See what he says of it, utterly misleading
the judgment of his readers, as to my having
"maligned the Librarians," & observed a "fall of
secrecy," &c. The Mercury leaders are all this,
& so are half those in the Times - & they all
exhibit the same character, which corresponds
precisely with what I told you about him in
England. Of course, my opponents in Church
matters have made use of the opportunity
to try to swell the clamour against me - I
do not mean Mr. Macaria & Dean Peck,
but some of their followers and some
noisy members of my own flock. And a
combination of political & theological
partisans has succeeded in expunging
my name from the list of Honorary
Members of the Dublin Club. The votes
were 22 in the proposition, & 19 against:
& in the present the Committee has ruled
that the resolution ~~has~~ must take effect.
But, as one of their rules requires ~~that~~
in any alteration of their ^{laws} ~~rules~~ a
majority of three-fourths of those present,
~~must~~ it & the Committee of the Marbury
Club, which exchanges courtesies with

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The Members of the Dublin Club, will object, I believe, to the decision, since 57 (instead of 23) should have voted for the change in question, I think it probable that it will be overruled. But you see that the violence of the storm has already abated: and, though I am still told that many, who have hitherto been my strong supporters in Church matters, will now refuse their subscriptions, &c. I hope that this too will end to a great extent in talk merely, though no doubt I shall lose some ground in the Colony, more especially as, for want of copies of my Blue Book, I am not able to circulate it sufficiently to refute Mr. Robinson's falsehoods. If there are any left in your hands, please send me out some more, e.g. one or two dozen.

Mr. Shepstone was delayed at Dublin, & did not reach Mariboung ^{until} some days after my own arrival. I saw him as soon as I could, & pointed out that L. Comarvo's Despatch about giving food to Umblaba's family & allowing the two younger sons, Masivi & Sipepu, to live at Bishopstow, had not been obeyed - & further that in direct disregard of his Despatch of June 12, these friends, e.g. the brothers,

(referred to in the Despatch bearing L.) Sir B. D.
on Oct. 15 (when he had that Desp. in his hands)
had "assigned" a number of prisoners ^{to farmers & they not living in towns} let all of
Sark, ~~to~~ chiefly because they were suffering
deadly from a serious disease contracted
in the jail (beginning with erysipelas, accompanied
with general rheumatic symptoms, and apparently
tending to elephantiasis, as the medical
men ^{have} stated) of which many in fact died, &
many are still ailing. Of course, the families
were "assigned" with the men on certain
conditions, & supplied a nice amount of
"raw" labour; & this fact, with that
of his cutting out 2000 hands to get
on the sugar crop, added, of course, to the
satisfaction of the white colonists under
the rule of Sir B. D. Shepstone told me that
his voluminous Mr John, had positively
assured him that when he sent for Masivi &
Sijepu, they told him that they did not wish
to live at Bishopstone. I requested him to
send himself for the facts & examine them, &
he did so a day or two afterwards, & found
that the statement was utterly without foundation
in truth. Mr John had charged them awfully
with having told some one (meaning of course
my daughter & I) that they were forcibly
prevented from coming to Bishopstone - &

They replied
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They replied that they had never done so - that they
had never even expressed a wish to go there
knowing that they dared not think of ^{leaving} ~~leaving~~
the place where the Gov. had put them, for
fear of being sent back again to jail. And
this reply Mr. W. then twisted into the falsehood
of refusal, without going on to ask them kindly
if they wd like to go to B. They told Mr. W. that
they very much wished to go to B., especially
as they knew that their father desired it: he gave
them leave at once, & they came as soon as
possible, reaching this on Feb. 12, with two other
young sons, & two companions - & they have
ever since been hard at work in learning to
read & write. It really makes one's heart so sick
to think that under British rule two such
mere boys as these - good little fellows as
possible - could have been sentenced to
six months' imprisonment with hard
labour, which they actually went through,
- at least, the imprisonment, but I don't know
what amount of "labour" they had to do. ^{Yes!}
I find that they were kept hard at work in brickmaking ^{at the} ~~at the~~
at this moment when they had been done about
Cumbabad food, which I am still supplying;
but no doubt this will be set right in the end
by Mr. Shepstone, with whom - in public matters -
my friendly relations are, I hope, established.
And this very day (Feb. 23) I am happy to say
the Gazette contains a Proclamation cancelling

all the assignments throughout the colony, both
of prisoners & others of the two tribes, "See
Majesty's Geo: having signified their disapproval
of the assignment to private persons of
these prisoners & of the members of the late
Amahlubi & Amanque tribes" - " & all
restrictions specially placed upon these people
in consequence of their conduct as a tribe, to
which other native subjects of this Geo, are not
liable, are hereby removed" - "Provided, however,
that the members of the late Amahlubi tribe
shall not be allowed to collect & form themselves
into a separate & distinct tribe in any part of
this colony." Now is the time for me to try & get
them to labour with the view of buying land -
according to my plan - & the cons are coming to
me the day after tomorrow to talk out the subject.
Sunday 14 B.D. ought to be punished in some way
for thrice disobeying the Geo instructions of the Sec.
of State - (1) in respect of the transportation - (2) in
respect of the "assigning" - (3) in respect of the Resp.
about Amahlubi &c. I have not yet received
the copy of Mr. Jolan's account of Matyana's
affair, which was to be sent to me as soon as
he expressed his consent to be judged by Lord
C. in the matter. I very much doubt if he will
forward any such consent: he will probably do
nothing, in hope that the whole affair will drop.
But he is totally unfit to be a Resident Magistrate,
much less Acting Sec. for Native Affairs.
I think that my boys & W. & M. & M. shall
wonder like to see this letter, as I cannot write to them - & perhaps

C131/84c

I yesterday saw Kallawa, the native whose statement, as reported by another native, you will find on the last page of the little pink pamphlet w^{ch}. I sent you by last mail. He repeated to me the same story substantially, but with the important additional fact that the messengers, when questioned by W^m Shepstone, told him that his brother had taken a fire-iron from under a skin at his feet & fired at Matyana, but missed him & hit another man! And W^m S. told me that he had never heard of this!! I am utterly astounded with this revelation. The native who told me this cannot possibly have any reason for reporting falsely: he has nothing whatever to do with Matyana or Lanya, & wd run every chance of being sent to the Dock, if he was proved to be lying, as he might be, if really false, by producing the 3 messengers.

Bishop of Natal

July 22nd 1875

[Faint, mirrored handwritten text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]

Re C131/84c, see the note at C131/87a.
84c is not connected with C131/84